The Role of ICT in fostering Oral Skills

Author: Marta Virgili Tutor: Silvia Guallar

INTRODUCTION

School Context

 Puigcerver School: it is a semi private school who offers Primary school and High school Education in Reus.



Reasons for my Research Project

Oral skills at the School:

- Total Immersion Technique
- Natural or Communicative Approach

I observed:

- Passive participation in oral tasks from a group of students.
- Little use of new technologies in the classroom
- Positive results from a recording task

Main objective of the study

Improve the self-confidence of students so they all can have an active oral participation in class.



Can the use of ICT foster Oral Skills?



THEORETICAL FRAMEWORK

21st Century Society

Unstable - changing - global world

Key competences

"Each citizen will need a wide range of key competences to adapt

competences to adapt flexibly to a rapidly changing and highly interconnected world" (Key Competences, 2006)



Lifelong learning



- Global and interconnected world
- Necessary for personal and professional purposes.



Digital Competence

"Technology is changing the world rapidly, impacting the way students learn"

(Ken Robinson, 2013)

Necessary to adapt to changes and students' needs

Benefits of using New Technologies in the classroom

New technologies:

- Engage and motivate students
- "Can take place anytime, anywhere"
 (Diane Hofkins, 2011)

INNOVATION PROPOSAL

Digital tools

 These digital tools are thought `to promote students' pronunciation, fluency and accuracy when speaking in English.







VOICETHREAD

EnglishCentral 🗬



Activities: Let's go to Brighton

- · Timing: Once a week
- Teacher's Role: Guide
- Students' organization: In pairs or in threes
- Objectives:
- Present his/her trip to Brighton
- Record a description of a part of a city
- Create the best sightseeing route
- Carry out the gymkhana activities successfully
- · Assessment: Rubrics



Clear goals and transparently

CONCLUSION

Strengths

- Motivation
- The activities can be adaptable at different levels
- They promote collaborative work.
- They promote students' autonomy.
- · Positive for shy students.
- · Students gain self-confidence.
- One-on-one attention can be provided.
- · Individual feedback can be provided.

Weaknesses

- Material and resources such as microphones, laptops...
- · Backup plan in case technology fails.
- The innovation project has not been implemented.



REFERENCES

Hofkins, Diane (2011). "Why ICT is transforming education." *The Guardian*. Available at:

http://www.theguardian.com/smart-class-2025/why-ict-is-transforming-education

"On Key Competences for Lifelong Learning" (2006). Official Journal of the European Union. Available online at: http://eur-

lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2006: 394:0010:0018:en:PDF

Robinson, Ken (2013). "How Technology is Transforming Education." Adobe Blogs. Available online at:

http://blogs.adobe.com/conversations/2012/12/aconversation-with-sir-ken-robinson-how-is-technologytransforming-education.html